

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of Preparation
8/1/15

SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION

GHS PRODUCT IDENTIFIER: WBA Water Base Velour Spray Adhesive

PRODUCT CLASS/TYPE: Waterborne Polyurethane

MATERIAL USES: Resin used in the production of coating, inks and/or adhesives.

· Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

MANUFACTURED FOR:
BHG Import Exports Inc.
715 N Central Ave. Suite 213
Glendale CA 91203 United States

· Information department: Product safety department
· Emergency telephone number:

24 Hrs Emergency Contact:
CHEMTREC 628320
FOR USA AND CANADA: 1-800 424- 9300
OUTSIDE USA AND CANADA: +1 703 -527- 3887

SECTION 2 - HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

GHS label elements



GHS08

Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements: H360 - May damage the unborn child.

Label elements: Labeling (regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008): Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P280 - Use personal protective equipment as required.

Response: P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

Storage: P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements: Do not taste or swallow. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Hazards not otherwise classified: Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Information System:

Health	1
Flammability	0
Physical hazards	0
Personal Protection	

The PPE (Personal Protection Equipment) designation in the HMIS is provided for use by employees at supplier sites only. Other users of this product are encouraged to evaluate the hazards of the product and assign PPE that is applicable to their specific situations.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance/mixture: Mixture
 Other means of identification: Not available

CAS number:

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Polyurethane Dispersion	>1%	N/A

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present, which within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section. Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin contact: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before re-use.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Ingestion: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: No specific data.

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight - increase in fetal deaths - skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight - increase in fetal deaths - skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation - dryness - cracking - reduced fetal weight - increase in fetal deaths - skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to

the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media:

Suitable extinguishing: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide - carbon monoxide - nitrogen oxides - carbon dioxide - (dense) black smoke - aldehydes - organic acids

Special protective actions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment.

Remarks: The material will not support combustion unless the water has evaporated.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill:

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original

container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store between the following temperatures: 5 to 40°C (41 to 104°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Store in original container, protected from direct sunlight. Sensitive to frost.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name

Exposure limits

Polyurethane Dispersion

TLV-N/A PEL-N/A

Appropriate engineering controls: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber (0.70 mm) < 1 hour (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber (0.5 mm). Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Use a properly fitted air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.



Personal protective equipment (Pictograms):

Remarks If respiratory protection is needed, use a NIOSH certified respirator with an Assigned Protection Factor (APF) of at least 10.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Physical state: Liquid.

Color: Translucent.

Odor: Mild.

Odor threshold: Not available.

pH: 8

Melting point: Not available.

Boiling point: approx. 100 °C

Flash point: Closed cup: >212°F (>100°C) [(estimate)]

Evaporation rate: Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Not available.

Vapor pressure: 2.3 kPa

Vapor density: Not available

Relative density: 1.06 (Water = 1)

Density (g/cm³) : 1.06 g/cm³ (20°C)

Bulk density: Not available.

Solubility: Partially soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Solubility in water: Yes.

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water: Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.

Decomposition temperature: Not available.

Viscosity: Dynamic: Not determined - Kinematic: Not determined

SECTION 10 -STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: No specific data.

Incompatible materials: No specific data

Hazardous decomposition products: No specific data.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure): not available

Aspiration hazard): not available

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: No specific data

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following; irritation, dryness, cracking, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure: Not available
Long term exposure: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
N/A				

General: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity: May damage the unborn child.

Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity: Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	15889.9 mg/kg
Dermal	31585.9 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	249362.7 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	393.4 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	83.12 mg/l

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Persistence and degradability: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available

Mobility in soil: Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC): Not available.

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

PBT and vPvB assessment:

Contains no substance considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Other adverse effects:

Additional ecological information: Taking into consideration the properties of some components, do not flush into surface water.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods:

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT transportation Data (49 CFR 172.101):

DOT, TDG, Mexico classification: Not regulated

ADR/RID, IMDG, IATA: Not regulated

Shipping Name: N/A Hazard Class: N/A Shipping Symbols: N/A Environmental: N/A

Not dangerous goods in the meaning of RID/ADR, ADN, IMDG-Code, ICAO/IATA-DGR

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal regulations: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: N/A

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) : N/A
Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs): N/A

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals Precursor Chemicals): Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals): Not listed

SARA

Form R - Reporting requirements:
No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.
No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 313.
California Prop. 65: Not applicable

International regulations: Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals: NOT LISTED
Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E): Not listed.
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants: Not listed.
Ingredient name List name Status
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC): Not listed.
Ingredient name List name Status
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals: Not listed.
Canada inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Key to abbreviations: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
UN = United Nations

DISCLAIMER OF EXPRESSED AND IMPLIED WARRANTIES: The information in this document is believed to be correct as of the date issued. However, no warranty of merchantability, fitness for any particular purpose, or any other warranty is expressed or is to be implied regarding the accuracy or completeness of this information, the results to be obtained from the use of the product or information, the safety of this product,, or the hazards related to its use. The information and product are furnished on the condition that the person receiving them shall make his own determination as to the suitability of the product for his particular purpose and on the condition that he assume the risk of his use thereof.